

PATIENT INFORMATION					
Patient last name	First name	Middle initial	Gender M / F	Birth date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Alberta Personal Health Number
Street address		City		Province	Postal code
ID/client/coverage number	Coverage type <input type="checkbox"/> Alberta Blue Cross <input type="checkbox"/> Alberta Human Services <input type="checkbox"/> Other				

SPECIALIST IN HEMATOLOGY OR NEPHROLOGY INFORMATION			
Last name	First name	Middle initial	
Street address		City	Province
Telephone number		Fax number	College of Physicians and Surgeons registration number
Date form completed (YYYY-MM-DD)	Last consult date (YYYY-DD-MM)	Specialist in Hematology or Nephrology signature	

PHARMACY INFORMATION		
Pharmacy name	Telephone number	Fax number

INFORMATION REQUIRED

For **INITIAL COVERAGE (new to drug)** please complete the first two pages, and submit laboratory data and consent form as attachments

For **CONTINUED COVERAGE (on drug now or prior use of drug)** please complete applicable sections of all pages, and submit laboratory data as an attachment

Note: Additional pages may be attached as required; please submit all required pages and attachments together

TREATMENT REQUESTED	
Dosage and frequency requested	Current weight – for pediatric patients <input type="checkbox"/> less than 20 kg <input type="checkbox"/> 20 kg and over

CONFIRMATION OF DIAGNOSIS					
Diagnosis <input type="checkbox"/> Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (aHUS) <input type="checkbox"/> Other, specify _____					
Confirmed diagnosis of aHUS at initial presentation, defined by presence of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA):	Yes	No	N/A	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Lab result
A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with a thrombospondin type 1 motif, member 13 (ADAMTS-13) activity $\geq 10\%$ on blood samples taken prior to plasma exchange or plasma infusion (PE/PI)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Shiga toxin producing Escherichia coli (STEC) test negative in patients with a history of bloody diarrhea in the preceding two weeks	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
TMA is unexplained (not a secondary TMA)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

Please mail this request to ▪ Alberta Blue Cross, Clinical Drug Services 10009 108 Street NW, Edmonton, Alberta T5J 3C5	Or fax to ▪ 780-401-1150 in Edmonton ▪ 1-888-401-1150 toll free all other areas	Case number
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ADDITIONAL CLINICAL CRITERIA

Does the patient have evidence of ongoing active TMA and progressing, defined by laboratory test abnormalities despite plasmapheresis, if appropriate?	Yes	No	Comment
1. Unexplained (not a secondary TMA) thrombocytopenia (platelet count <150 x 10 ⁹ /L); and hemolysis as indicated by the documentation of two of the following:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
a) schistocytes on the blood film	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) low or absent haptoglobin	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) above normal	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2. Tissue biopsy confirming TMA in patients who do not have evidence of platelet consumption and hemolysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Evidence of at least one of the following documented clinical features of active organ damage or impairment?	Yes	No	Comment
1. Kidney impairment, as demonstrated by one of the following:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
a) A decline in estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) of >20% in a patient with pre-existing renal impairment	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) Serum creatinine (SCr) >upper limit of normal (ULN) for age or GFR <60 mL/min and renal function deteriorating despite prior PE/PI in patients who have no history of pre-existing renal impairment (i.e., who have no baseline eGFR measurement)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) SCr >the age appropriate ULN in pediatric patients (as determined by or in consultation with a pediatric nephrologist)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2. Onset of neurological impairment related to TMA	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3. Other TMA-related manifestations, such as cardiac ischemia, bowel ischemia, pancreatitis, or retinal vein occlusion (specify)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

For kidney transplant patients, does the following apply?	Yes	No	Comment
1. Documented history of aHUS (i.e., history of TMA [not secondary TMA only] with ADAMTS 13 >10%); and one of the following applies:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
a) Developed TMA immediately (within hours to 1 month) following a kidney transplant	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) Previously lost a native or transplanted kidney due to the development of TMA	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) Have a history of proven aHUS and require prophylaxis with ravulizumab at the time of a kidney transplant	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

CONTRAINDICATIONS TO COVERAGE

Does the following apply to the patient?	Yes	No
History of ravulizumab treatment failure* (i.e., treated with ravulizumab with a previous aHUS recurrence). *Treatment failure is defined as: -Dialysis-dependent at six months, and failed to demonstrate resolution or stabilization of neurological or extra-renal complications if these were originally present; OR -On dialysis for >/= four of the previous six months while receiving ravulizumab and failed to demonstrate resolution or stabilization of neurological or extra-renal complications if these were originally present; OR -Worsening of kidney function with a reduction in eGFR or increase in SrCr >/=25% from baseline	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

IMMUNIZATION

	Yes	No	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
All patients must receive meningococcal immunization with a quadravalent vaccine (A, C, Y and W135) at least two weeks prior to receiving the first dose of ravulizumab. Treating physicians will be required to submit confirmation of meningococcal immunizations in order for their patients to continue to be eligible for treatment with ravulizumab. Pneumococcal immunization with a 23-valent polysaccharide vaccine and a 13-valent conjugate vaccine, and a Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib) vaccine must be given according to current clinical guidelines. All patients must be monitored and reimmunized according to current clinical guidelines for vaccine use.	Meningococcal (A,C,Y and W135)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Pneumococcal 23-valent	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Pneumococcal 13-valent	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Hib	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

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TREATMENT RESTART

Did the patient redevelop a TMA related to aHUS and the following applies?	Yes	No	Comment
1. Significant hemolysis as evidenced by one of the following:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
a) presence of schistocytes on the blood film	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
b) low or absent haptoglobin	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
c) LDH above normal	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2. Platelet consumption as measured by either >/=25% decline from patient baseline or thrombocytopenia (platelet count <150 x 10 ⁹ /L)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3. TMA-related organ impairment (e.g., unexplained rise in serum creatinine with onset of urine dipstick positive for hemoglobin) including on recent biopsy	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (please attach the applicable laboratory results with each request)

- Documented treatment response defined as, hematological normalization (e.g., platelet count, LDH), stabilization of end organ damage (such as acute kidney injury and brain ischemia), transplant graft survival in susceptible individuals, and dialysis avoidance in patients who are pre- end-stage kidney disease (ESKD)
OR
 - Limited organ reserve* or high-risk genetic mutation such as Factor H deficiency.
- *Limited organ reserve is defined as: significant cardiomyopathy, neurological, gastrointestinal or pulmonary impairment related to TMA; or Grade 4 or 5 chronic kidney disease (eGFR <30 mL/min).

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Progress report on the clinical symptoms that formed the basis of initial eligibility (update annually, attach additional pages as required)

Quality of life, through clinical narrative (update annually, attach additional pages as required)

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